

Scanned 9-13
emailed photos

MC 031

Entered in
NRM 10/24/16
KM

Survey ID _____

BOTANICAL FIELD RECONNAISSANCE REPORT
Helena-Lewis and Clark National Forest

Project: Moose Creek

District: White Sulphur

Survey Area ID: 011507030402_MC031

Survey Name: 9031

Survey Date(s): 9-8-16

Surveyor/s:
MARTIN, Mullins

USGS Quad:

Location: T R S 1/4 1/16

UTM: NAD 83 Zone E

N

GPS unit/device

Error +

Trimble

Avenza Kathy

Other: _____

Location/Directions to Survey Area:

see map

Hwy 89, head E on 12, N on 89, ~~right~~ LEFT at jumping creek road into
Moose Creek Veg project area. Unit East of junction of Moose Mt
Rd (6412) and Wesley Creek (6405)

Survey type: Field Check; Cursory; General; Intuitive; Controlled; Complete

Describe survey route/effort taken:

walked length of polygon along stream

Target Species:

Cyperpedium, Botrychium

Describe general habitat(s): Type, common species, plant associations, unique features, etc.:

Stream, marshes, seepy areas

Management History/Current Uses:

grazing, timber, rec

Seral Stage: early mid late

Slope/s:

Aspect/s:

Elevation:

Soil/Bedrock:

SPECIAL STATUS PLANTS (federally listed, FS sensitive)

Any known/historical populations in the project area? (Include species and EO#)

No

Any new populations found in the project area? (Include species and EO#)

No

Presence of Suitable Habitat for Listed Species (Provide brief explanation of why habitat is unsuitable or where suitable habitat occurs)

SPECIES	STATUS	PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT
Amerorchis rotundifolia Round-leaved Orchis	R1 Sensitive; S	No	Yes	Mossy seeps, sphagnum bogs, ponds, or along streams in wet to moist spruce forests with limestone-derived soils. 3350-5920ft elevation
Aquilegia brevistyla Short-styled Columbine	R1 Sensitive; S	↓	Yes	Semi-open, moist drainage bottoms or toe slopes on alluvial or colluvial limestone substrates, at mid-elevation in the montane zone. Can be found along streambanks. Partial understory conifer shade is a common component. 5000-6200ft elevation
Astragalus lackschewitzii Lackschewitz' Milkvech	R1 Sensitive; S		No	Generally restricted to open, gravelly and rocky slopes and ridgetops with calcareous soil and talus in alpine or subalpine zones. 7000-8120 ft elevation
Botrychium ascendens Upward-lobed Moonwort	R1 Sensitive; K		Yes	Stream floodplains of glaciated bottoms dominated by deciduous shrubs with lush cover by forbs, grasses, and mosses in NW Montana. Often associated with wetlands dominated by spruce and alder. Mostly found in subirrigated habitats 2700-6000 (9500) ft elevation
Botrychium crenulatum Wavy Moonwort	R1 Sensitive; K		Yes	Stream bottoms, around seeps, on the edges of marshes, and in wet roadside swales, often in soils influenced by precipitated calcium. Vegetation dominated by spruce, alders, and dogwood with high cover and diversity of forbs and graminoids. Reported from western red cedar habitat and also found in rough fescue/ID fescue grasslands in heavy litter, 2,400-7,700 ft elevation
Botrychium paradoxum Peculiar Moonwort	R1 Sensitive; K		Yes	Mesic meadows and bunchgrass communities associated with spruce and lodgepole pine forests in the montane and subalpine zones. Grows on glaciated slopes and ridgetops, glaciated lake basins, and stream bottoms and draws. 2,400-9,500 feet elevation

SPECIES	STATUS	PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT
<i>Cypripedium parviflorum</i> Small Yellow Lady's Slipper	R1 Sensitive; S	Yes	Yes	Along ecotonal margins of spruce habitat types (damp, mossy woods) with wetland features such as fens, seeps, springs, streamsides, and moist forest meadow ecotones in the valley to lower montane zones. Generally associated with high water table features that provide stable, cool groundwater discharge and cool, moist, calcareous soils 2500-6200 feet elevation
<i>Cypripedium passerinum</i> Sparrow's Egg Lady's Slipper	R1 Sensitive; S		Yes	Moist, mossy, seepy areas, riparian zones, ecotonal margins of sphagnum bogs, often in full or partial shade of conifers. Preferred habitat is associated with spruce, but will associate with lodgepole. On the Lewis and Clark, found on calcareous substrates derived from the Madison Limestone Formation. Also associated with semi-permanent water seepage near the surface. 3000-5700 feet elevation
<i>Drosera anglica</i> English Sundew	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Sphagnum moss in wet, organic soils of fens and meadows in the montane zone. Commonly associated with open water, wetlands, or riparian systems.
<i>Drosera linearis</i> Slenderleaf Sundew	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Wet, organic soil of nutrient-poor fens in the montane zone. Commonly associated with open water, wetlands, or riparian systems
<i>Elymus innovatus</i> Northern wildrye	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Primarily sandy meadows, along stream banks, on rock hillsides with partial shade, and in open stands of lodgepole or spruce. Primarily in the upper montane zone on slopes adjoining the major valley bottoms. Also in well-drained alluvial benches in flood plains 4600 - 5200 ft elevation
<i>Epipactis gigantea</i> Giant Helleborne	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Widely varied. One consistent requirement is a permanent source of thermally-influenced water at the root level. Stream banks, lake margins, fens with seeps and springs, shrub dominated wetland, and riparian areas 2500 - 6000 feet elevation
<i>Erigeron lackschewitzii</i> Lackschewitz's fleabane	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Grows exclusively in exposed alpine settings (gravelly talus) with water-retaining calcareous soil derived from a dolomite substrate, rock-covered surfaces impeding water loss from shallow soil beneath, exposed, windy sites (saddles, protruding outcrops, crests of updraft chutes), and areas with first snowmelt and late soil recharge above 6000 ft.
<i>Gentianopsis macounii</i> Macoun's gentian	R1 Sensitive; K	✓	No	Wet, organic soil of calcareous fens or wet meadows with standing water in the valley and foothill zones 3500-5500 ft elevation.

SPECIES	STATUS	PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT PRESENT IN PROJECT AREA	HABITAT
<i>Goodyera repens</i> Nothorn Rattlesnake-plantain	R1 Sensitive; S	No	Yes	Cool, moist, north-facing sites consisting of spruce/ twinflower and subalpine fir/ twinflower habitat types with well-developed organic duff, moss layers at mid-elevations, and shade from late successional forests 5000-6800 feet elevation
<i>Grindelia howellii</i> Howell's Gumweed	R1 Sensitive; S		No	Vernally moist, lightly disturbed soil adjacent to ponds and marshes, as well as similar human-created habitats, such as roadsides and grazed pastures 3000-5500 feet elevation
<i>Juncus hallii</i> Hall's Rush	R1 Sensitive; K		Yes	Moist grassland and sedge meadows from the montane to alpine zones. Flats or benches on the gentle to mid-upper slopes (3500) 6000-8800 feet elevation
<i>Micranthes tempestiva</i> Storm Saxifrage	R1 Sensitive; S		No	Vernally moist, open soil in meadows and on rock ledges in the subalpine and alpine zones 7500-9500 feet elevation
<i>Oxytropis podocarpa</i> Stalked-pod Locoweed	R1 Sensitive; S		No	Gravelly ridges and slopes, often on limestone, and in the alpine zone. Populations are situated in basins or on steep slopes and ridges with limestone-derived soils, in the alpine zone 6500-8500 feet elevation
<i>Phlox kelseyi</i> var <i>missoulensis</i> Missoula Phlox	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Open, exposed, limestone-derived slopes in the foothills to exposed, windswept ridges in the subalpine zone 5800-8500 feet elevation
<i>Pinus albicaulis</i> White-bark Pine	Candidate; K		No	Tolerates poor soils, steep slopes, windy exposures, and tree-line environments. Often found on warm, dry exposures in subalpine and alpine habitats.
<i>Polygonum. austinae</i> Austin's Knotweed	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Open, gravelly, sparsely-vegetated (mostly barren or easily eroded) slopes with shale-derived soils. Associated with ponderosa and bluebunch wheatgrass habitat types with little vegetation cover 4000-9000 feet elevation
<i>Potamogeton obtusifolius</i> Blunt-leaved pondweed	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Shallow water of lakes, ponds, and sloughs and lotic streams in the valley, foothill, and montane zones
<i>Potentilla nivea</i> var. <i>pentaphylla</i> Five-leaved cinquefoil	R1 Sensitive; K		No	Dry, shallow, gravelly soil or talus and scree of exposed ridges, slopes, and summits in the montane to alpine zones 4600-10000 ft elevation
<i>Salix barrattiana</i> Barratt's willow	R1 Sensitive; S		No	Alpine habitat, sessile catkins, and sticky twigs will distinguish this willow from other species. Leaves and mature female catkins are necessary for positive identification 6500 - 9500 ft elevation

Pyrola asarifolia
Smilacina stellata
Symphotrichum
Viburnum viride
Galium boreal
Taraxacum officinale
Berberis repens
Lonicera utahensis
Linnaea boreal
Thalictrum spp.
Fragaria virginiana
Prosartes tinctoria
Geranium macrorhizon
Senecio tataricus
Oxalis squarrosa
Spiraea betulifolia
Valeriana spp.
Vaccinium spp.
Vaccinium scoparium
Pseudotsuga menziesii
Picea engelmannii
Rosa woodsii
Ribes lacustre
Arnica montana
Geranium richardsonii
Anemone spp.
Mitella spp.
Carex utriculata
* *Sphagnum* moss?
Salix spp.
Epilobium spp.
Galium trifidum
Saxifraga spp.
Tetradium maximum

Listera spp.
Plantanthera spp.
Glyceria grandis
Parnassia imbricata
Allium spp.
Equisetum arvense
Cornus canadensis